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THE CALHOUN FAMILY OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

BY A. S. SALLEY, JR.

The earliest authentic records we have of the presence in America of the four founders of the Calhoun family of South Carolina, James, Ezekiel, William, and Patrick, are to be found at Staunton, Virginia, among the records of Augusta County, which about the middle of the eighteenth century embraced a great part of western Virginia.

On September 19, 1746, James Patton complained that James, Ezekiel, William and Patrick Colhoon were divulgers of false news to the great detriment of the inhabitants of the colony and it was ordered that they be committed for the November Court.¹

November 19, 1746, George, Ezekiel, William and Patrick Colhoon were appointed workers on a road from Reed Creek to Eagle Bottom and thence to the top of the ridge that parts the waters of New River and those of the south fork of Roanoke. James Colhoon was appointed overseer.² May 21, 1747, James Cohoon was appointed a constable on Roanoke. Thomas Cohoon received a similar appointment.³

March 25, 1748, a tract of 335 acres of land on Reed Creek was surveyed for William Calhoun as part of land of James Patton, Robert Slaughter, &c., in accordance with order of Council to take up 100,000 acres.⁴

March 5, 1749, a tract of 159 acres of land was surveyed for Patrick Calhoun on the waters of Reed Creek, "near to where he lives"—part of same order of Council.⁵

April 3, 1749, a tract of 610 acres on Reed Creek, part of above order of Council, was surveyed for James Calhoun.⁶

¹Augusta County County Court Records, Order Book I., p. 113.

²Augusta County County Court Records, Order Book I., p. 129.

³Ibid, p. 198.

⁴Ibid, Surveyor's book I., p. 34.

⁵Ibid, p. 47.

⁶Ibid, p. 46.

May 23, 1750, a road was ordered from Ezekiel Calhoun's to Wood's River [New River].⁷

November 29, 1760, James Calhoun qualified as captain of a troop of horse.

March 7, 1650/51, a tract of 594 acres on a branch of the place called the Cove was surveyed for James Calhoun in accordance with the aforesaid order of Council.⁸

June 3, 1752, John Vance sold to Robert Miller a tract of land in Augusta County, on William Calhoun's Meadow Run, a branch of Reed Creek. A document of 1794 recites that John Vance was then dead and that Jacob Vance, his heir-at-law, lived in the forks of Saluda River, South Carolina.

August 20, 1752, James Cohoon was appointed one of the appraisers of Jacob Goodman's estate.⁹

November 16, 1752, James Cahoun and Mary Noble qualified as executor and executrix of John Noble's estate with William and Patrick Cohoun as securities.¹⁰

November 21, 1752, in the suit of James Patton vs James Cohoon the jurors returned into Court unable to agree and asked to be discharged, having been four days in retirement, but the plaintiff's counsel objected and they were ordered to consider further and if they could not agree then to return next court.¹¹

November 20, 1752, James Cohoon was bound to keep the peace towards James McCall.¹²

March 22, 1753, the jury impanelled in the cause of Patton vs James Cohoon and unable to agree at last term being called, and John Smith, one of them, not being present, was fined Defendant's attorney moved the Court to dismiss the jury and impanel a new one but the plaintiff in person

⁷Augusta Co. Co. Court records, Order Book III., p. 371.

⁸Ibid, p. 501.

⁹Ibid, Surveyor's Book I., p. 46.

¹⁰Augusta Co. Co. Court records, Order Book II., p. 315.

¹¹Ibid, Will book I., p. 464.

¹²Ibid, Order Book II., p. 404.

¹³Ibid, p. 388.

objected and the Court was of the opinion that the cause be continued and the same jury try the issue.¹⁴

May 22, 1753, the jurors in the cause of Patton vs Calhoun failed to appear and were summoned to the next court.¹⁵

August 18, 1753, a mandamus was issued from the General Court to the County Court of Augusta requiring it to dismiss the jury in the cause of Patton vs James Calhoun, which was done and the case continued.¹⁶

April 8, 1754, sixty-four acres of land on the head waters of Hay's Creek, a branch of James River, were surveyed for James Calhoun.¹⁷

May, 1754, James Patton vs James Cohoon, Slander: Cohoon said, in 1750, that Patton had made over all of his estate to his children to defraud his creditors and that he had no title to the lands he offered for sale on Roanoke and New rivers. Mandamus from the General Court to discharge the jury from rendering a verdict.¹⁸

May 20, 1754, the cause of Patton vs Calhoun was submitted to arbitration. Patton had obligated himself to deliver two patents for land to Calhoun at a time when there was no fee to the Governor for signing the patents. Before the patents were obtained by Patton a law was enacted giving the Governor a fee. Patton charged this to Calhoun. The award was that each pay the fee for one patent.¹⁹

In 1756 James, Ezekiel, William and Patrick Calhoun and their sister, Mrs. Mary Noble, widow of John Noble, and their mother, Mrs. Catherine Calhoun, removed to South Carolina, arriving, according to a letter written by John C. Calhoun²⁰, a son of Patrick, in February. They settled on Long Cane Creek, Prince William's Parish, Granville

¹⁴Ibid, p. 420.

¹⁵Ibid, p. 499.

¹⁶Ibid, Order Book IV., p. 62.

¹⁷Ibid, Surveyor's Book I., p. 75.

¹⁸Ibid, County Court Judgments.

¹⁹Ibid, Order Book, IV., p. 251.

²⁰*The Gulf States Historical Magazine*, Vol. I (1903).

County, where they took up lands. July 18, 1756, 400 acres were surveyed out to William, who subsequently received other grants; November 7, 1756, two hundred acres were surveyed out to Patrick, who subsequently received other grants; July 11, 1758, 350 acres were surveyed out to Ezekiel, who subsequently received other grants; and August 11, 1758, 350 acres were surveyed out to James, who subsequently received other grants. Patrick had been commissioned by the Surveyor General (Egerton Leigh) as his deputy surveyor for this work and laid out the lands for his brothers.²¹

Ezekiel Calhoun made his will September 3, 1759, and it was proved before Thomas Bell, to whom a dedimus had been issued for the purpose, May 25, 1762. He gave his son John his gun and saddle and a balled face horse; gave one-third of his personal property to his wife Jean and the rest thereof to his children, John, Patrick, Ezekiel, Mary, Rebecca, Catherine and Jean, to be equally divided between them; gave all of his lands on Long Cane and on Reed Creek, Augusta County, Virginia, to his three sons to be divided equally between them²²; gave his wife (when the lands should be valued and divided) her third part thereof in money or in the lands; gave a similar interest to each of his four daughters; gave wife the management of the plantation whereon he then dwelled and the care of the children

²¹Land records of South Carolina (Secretary of State's office), platt books 6 and 13.

²²By deed dated October 17, 1765, Patrick Calhoun of the Long Cane Settlement in the County of Granville of the Province of South Carolina, Junr, conveyed to Hugh Montgomery, late of the Parish and County of Augusta in Virginia, in consideration of £300 current money of Virginia, 610 acres of land on Reed Creek and on a branch thereof in the said Parish and County. Witnesses: Jno. Poage, Robert Anderson and Thomas Poage. Memorandum: That forasmuch as the Vender's name Patrick Calhoun is shortly wrote by the letters Patrick Calhoun as well in indent of release as in the lease for a year hereto annexed the same was meant and intended throughout the whole for Patrick Calhoun. (Augusta County County Court Records, Deed Book XIV, p. 1.)

during her widowhood; appointed wife executrix and brother Patrick executor and brothers James and William overseers. Alexander Noble, John Wilson and Robert Norris, witnesses.²³

In 1760 the Cherokee Indians began to give trouble to the people of the Up-Country of South Carolina and on the first day of February, 1760, while the people of the Long Cane Settlement were removing with their families to Augusta for safety they were attacked and twenty-three of the number were slain. The following contemporary accounts of the massacre were published:

“Yesterday se’nnight the whol of the *Long-Cane* Settlers, to the Number of 150 Souls, moved off with most of their Effects in Waggons; to go towards Augusta in *Georgia*, and in a few Hours after their setting off, were surprized and attacked by about 100 *Cherokees* on Horseback, while they were getting their Waggons out of a boggy Place: They had amongst them 40 Gunmen, who might have made a very good Defence, but unfortunately their Guns were in the Waggons; the few that recovered theirs, fought the *Indians* Half an Hour, and were at last obliged to fly: In the action they lost 7 Waggons, and 40 of their People killed or taken (including Women and Children) the Rest got safe to Augusta; whence an Express arrived here with the same Account, on Tuesday Morning.”²⁴

“Mr. *Patrick Calhoon*, one of the unfortunate Settlers at *Long-Canes*, who were attacked by the *Cherokees* on the 1st Instant, as they were removing their Wives, Children and best Effects, to *Augusta* in *Georgia* for Safety, is just come to Town, and informs us, ‘That the whole of those Settlers might be about 250 Souls, 55 or 60 of them fighting Men; that their Loss in that Affair amounted to about 50 Persons,

²³See *The South Carolina Historical and Genealogical Magazine*, Vol. II. (1901), pp. 162-163.

²⁴*The South-Carolina Gazette*, Saturday, February 9, 1760. The *Gazette* further states that the report was based on information brought by Mr. Aaron Price who had just arrived in Charles Town from Ninety Six.

chiefly Women and Children, with 13 loaded Waggon and Carts; that he had since been at the Place where the Action happened, in order to bury the Dead, and found only 20 of their Bodies, most inhumanly butchered; that the *Indians* had burnt the Woods all around, but had left the Waggon and Carts there empty and unhurt; and that he believes all the fighting men would return to and fortify the *Long-Cane* Settlement, were part of the Rangers so stationed as to give them some Assistance and Protection.”²⁵

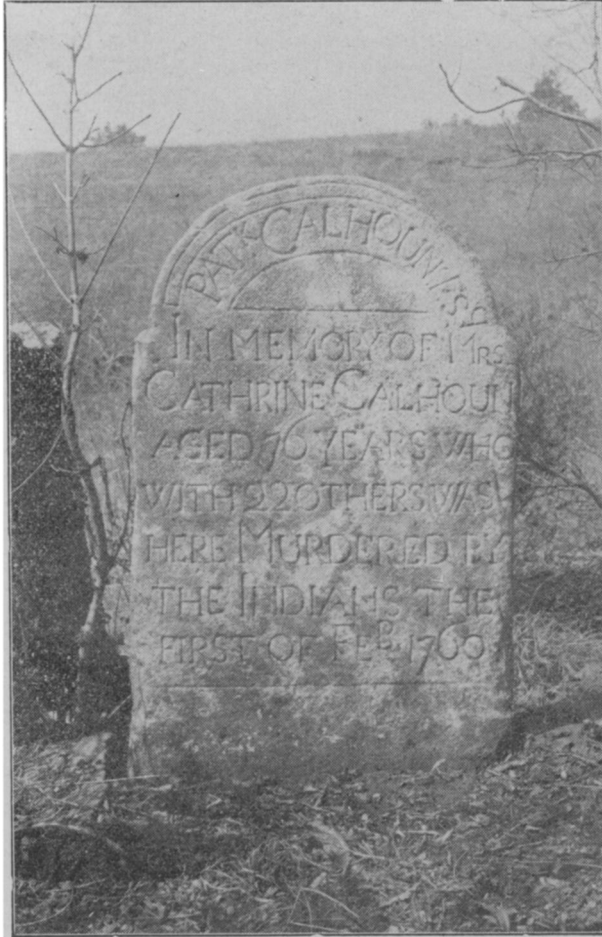
“We have no late Advices from Fort *Prince-George*, or any Consequence from Places in that Route. But from Fort *Moore*, we learn, that a Gang of about 18 *Cherokees*, divided into 3 or 4 Parties, on the 15th Instant, way-laid, killed, and scalped *Ulric Tobler*, Esq; a Captain of Militia in those Parts, as he was riding from his Father’s to that Fort; and shot Mr. *William Calhoun*, who was with him, in the Hand: 3 other Persons, who were in Company escaped unhurt: the *Indian* who killed Capt. *Tobler*, left a Hatchet sticking in his Neck, on which were 3 old Notches, and 3 newly cut.”²⁶

Patrick Calhoun subsequently erected two stones to mark the site of the Long Cane massacre, upon the larger of which appears the following inscription:

PAT^K. CALHOUN ESQ
IN MEMORY OF MRS.
CATHRINE CALHOUN
AGED 76 YEARS WHO
WITH 22 OTHERS WAS
HERE MURDERED BY
THE INDIANS THE
FIRST OF FEB. 1760

²⁵ *The South-Carolina Gazette*, Saturday, February 23, 1760.

²⁶ *The South-Carolina Gazette*, Saturday, February 23, 1760.





These stones are located about two hundred and fifty yards to the right of the road from Abbeville to Troy, about three quarters of a mile beyond Patterson's Bridge over Long Cane Creek and about two and a half miles from Troy and twelve from Abbeville. They stand in a little valley upon land now owned by Dr. Mullwee, of Greenwood.

The South-Carolina Gazette of Monday, October 8, 1764, referring to the proceedings of the General Assembly in June preceding, said:

“On the 5th, they likewise voted pay for a company of rangers, for six months, to protect the Long-Canes settlement, against the incursions of Indians; to consist of a commission officer, a serjeant, and 20 men; of which Patrick Calhoun, Esq; is appointed captain, who serves without pay.”

Patrick and William Calhoun were both made Justices of the Peace for Granville County and subsequently (after 1769) for Ninety Six District under the Provincial Government, and at the election held on the 7th and 8th of March, 1769, Patrick Calhoun was elected to the Commons House of Assembly from Prince William's Parish and served until the next election, in October, 1772, the first representative from the Up-Country.

At the commencement of the Revolutionary struggle in South Carolina, Patrick Calhoun was sent as a deputy to the first Provincial Congress (January 11, 1775–November 1, 1775) from Ninety Six District and was reëlected to the second Provincial Congress (November 1, 1775–March 26, 1776) and as a member of that body became a member of the first General Assembly (March 26, 1776–October 21, 1776) of the State of South Carolina when that Congress adopted an independent constitution on March 26, 1776, and resolved itself into a General Assembly. He subsequently served in almost every House of the General Assembly until his death. He was elected one of the county court judges for Abbeville County, Ninety Six District, in 1791, as shown by the following extracts from *The City Gazette or The Daily Advertiser* (Charleston) for Friday, March 4, 1791.

“In the House of Representatives, February 18, 1791.

“Resolved, That the following persons be, and they are hereby elected and appointed judges of the several county court, hereafter mentioned,”

*

*

*

*

“*Abbeville.*

Patrick Calhoun, James Lincoln, Andrew Hamilton.”

Patrick Calhoun died on the 15th of February, 1796, and

the *City Gazette & Daily Advertiser* for Monday, March 7, 1796, contained the following notice of his death:

"Died, on Monday the 15th ultimo, at his seat in Abbeville county, the hon. *Patrick Calhoun*, esq. in the 69th year of his age. He had served as a member of the legislature in this State for many years; was the first person who ever acted in that capacity, from that part of the State in which he resided; and was a member of the Senate at its last session. During the past summer he was attacked with a lingering fever, which much enfeebled his constitution. On his return from Columbia, he was seized with a bleeding at the nose, which exhausted him gradually till his life came to a close. He was a friend to virtue and piety; and a foe to vice in every form; The fidelity and patriotism which he exhibited as a public character, are too well known and acknowledged, by most of his numerous acquaintance, to need any encomium or eulogium."

WILLIAM CALHOUN, one of the four brothers who came to South Carolina, kept a little journal²⁷ wherein he entered accounts, notes of fines he had imposed as Justice of the Peace, marriage records and the records of his own family. He therein records that he was married to Agnes Long, October 19, 1749, and also records the following issue:

- 1 I. Joseph Calhoun, born Oct. 22, 1750.
- 2 II. Catherine Calhoun, born Feb. 4, 1753, is said to have been killed in the Indian massacre on Long Cane, Feb. 1, 1760.
- 3 III. Anne Calhoun, born May 18, 1755; was taken by the Indians at the Long Cane massacre and was held in captivity for fourteen years; married, Oct. 12, 1784, Isaac Mathews (*d.* 1801); died Dec. 19, 1830. She has left behind a very interesting account of her life which is still, unfortunately, in manuscript. (Issue.)
- 4 IV. Mary Calhoun, born Nov. 1, 1757, was carried off by the Indians at the time of the Long Cane massacre and probably died in their hands.

²⁷*Publications of the Southern History Association*, Vol. VIII, pp. 179-195.

- 5 V. Patrick Calhoun, born Feb. 18, 1760, and was killed by the Indians June 26, 1776, while serving as an ensign in Capt. James McCall's expedition into the Cherokee Country.²⁸
- 6 VI. Rachel Calhoun, born Sept. 19, 1762; married Patrick Norris. (Issue.)
- 7 VII. Esther Calhoun, born Sept. 30, 1765; married William Love. (Issue.)
- 8 VIII. William Calhoun, born April 5, 1768.
- 9 IX. Ezekiel Calhoun, born Nov. 27, 1770.
- 10 X. Agnes Calhoun, born Aug. 29, 1773; married General Hutton. (Issue.)
- 11 XI. Alexander Calhoun, born Dec. 21, 1776.

1.

JOSEPH CALHOUN [William¹], born October 22, 1750²⁹; married Catherine Calhoun and, after her death, Martha Moseley, to whom he was married, May 26, 1802³⁰; was several times a member of the legislature of South Carolina, serving in both House and Senate; was a colonel of militia and in 1807 was elected to Congress in place of Gen Levi Casey who had died February 1, 1807,³¹ and served to March 4, 1811, when he was succeeded by his cousin, John C. Calhoun.

He died April 14, 1817.

²⁸ McCrady's *History of South Carolina in the Revolution, 1775-1780*, pp. 189-190.

²⁹ All of the statements and data following, except such as are verified by footnote quotations or citations from records, were furnished by Miss Eliza Calhoun, of the Louise Home, Washington, D. C.

³⁰ "Married, on the 25th ult. by the Rev. Moses Waddel, Colonel *Joseph Colhoun*, to the amiable Miss Patsey Mosely, both of Abbeville."—*The Times* (Charleston), Thursday, June 3, 1802.

"Married, on the 26th May, by the Rev. Moses Waddel, the honourable Col. *Joseph Colhoun*, to the amiable and well accomplished Miss *Patsey Moseley*, daughter of William Moseley, esq. late of Virginia."—*Ibid.*, Tuesday, June 15, 1802.

³¹ "Gen. Levi Casey, representative in Congress from this State, died at the City of Washington, on the 1st inst. The usual mourning

- Issue: First wife.
- 12 I. Ann Calhoun, *m.* Wm. Perrin.
 - 13 II. Joseph Calhoun.
 - 14 III. Catherine Calhoun, *d.* unmarried.
 - 15 IV. Mary Calhoun, *d.* unmarried.
Second wife.
 - 16 V. Eliza Calhoun, *m.* James Holt.
 - 17 VI. John Ewing Calhoun.
 - 18 VII. Martha Calhoun, *m.* John Speed.
 - 19 VIII. Samuel Calhoun, *d.* unm. Buried in Augusta, Ga.
 - 20 IX. William Calhoun, *d.* unm. Was a captain in the
Seminole War.
 - 21 X. Jane Calhoun, *m.* James McKelvey.

8.

WILLIAM CALHOUN [William¹], born April 5, 1768, married Rebecca Tonnyhill.

- Issue:
- 22 I. Ezekiel Calhoun.
 - 23 II. Catherine Calhoun.
 - 24 III. Rachel Calhoun, *m.* Handy Harris.
 - 25 IV. William P. Calhoun.
 - 26 V. James Montgomery Calhoun.
 - 27 VI. Joseph Calhoun.
 - 28 VII. Rebecca Calhoun.
 - 29 VIII. Sarah Calhoun.
 - 30 IX. Mary Elizabeth Calhoun, *m.* Nathan Massey.

9.

EZEKIEL CALHOUN [William¹], born November 27, 1770, married Frances Hamilton, daughter of Major Andrew Hamilton; died January 25, 1817.

and funeral honours were voted him."—*Charleston Courier*, Monday, February 16, 1807.

"The Governor has issued his proclamation, making known that Col. JOSEPH COLHOUN, is duly elected a Member of the House of Representatives of the United States, in the room of the late General Levi Casey, deceased."—*Charleston Courier*, Friday, September 11, 1807.

The poll was given in the *Courier* of June 24th.

Issue:

- 31 I. William Calhoun, *d.* unm.
- 32 II. Joseph Calhoun, *d.* unm.
- 33 III. Harriet Calhoun, *m.* Thomas Davis, of Washington, D. C.
- 34 IV. Jane Hamilton Calhoun, *b.* Sept. 2, 1798; *m.*, Sept. 9, 1815, Dr. Joseph Webb Simonds (*b.* in Boston, Mass., April 8, 1781; *d.* March 7, 1841); *d.* January 11, 1846.
- 35 V. Ephraim Calhoun.
- 36 VI. Catherine Calhoun, *m.* Dr. John W. Parker, of Columbia, S. C.
- 37 VII. Andrew Calhoun.

11.

ALEXANDER CALHOUN [William¹], born December 21, 1776, married Kitty Johnson.

Issue:

- 38 I. Kitty Calhoun, *m.* Edward Tillman.

13.

JOSEPH CALHOUN [Joseph², William¹] was born at the William Calhoun place, in then Ninety Six District, July 22, 1787; was educated by Rev. Dr. Moses Waddel; was married, January 29, 1819, by Rev. Dr. Waddel, to Frances Darricott (born at Vienna, Abbeville District, May 1, 1800; died at Mt. Carmel, Abbeville District, March 21, 1885); was commissioned in the United States Army and attained the rank of captain; was in the Richmond Theatre the night of the great fire (December 26, 1811) and escaped by jumping out of a window; was severely wounded at the battle of Lundy's Lane; received a bullet in his arm in a duel. His winter home was Calhoun's Mills; his summer home Ben Lomond.

Issue:

- 39 I. Rebecca Calhoun, died at 16.
- 40 II. Thomas Smith Calhoun (named for an army friend), died at 4,

- 41 III. Joseph Selden Calhoun (named for an army friend), died at 7.
- 42 IV. Louisa Calhoun, died early.
- 43 V. Eliza Calhoun, from whom these records were obtained.
- 44 VI. Elizabeth Mary Calhoun, died unm. at 21.
- 45 VII. Frances Josette Calhoun, *m.* Dr. J. W. Marshall.
- 46 VIII. Ann Calhoun, died young.
- 47 IX. John Joseph Calhoun.

17.

JOHN EWING CALHOUN [Joseph², William¹] married Sarah Speed.

Issue:

- 48 I. Elizabeth Calhoun, *m.* James LeRoy.
- 49 II. Martha Calhoun, *m.* George Brown.
- 50 III. Margaret Calhoun.
- 51 IV. John Ewing Calhoun.

22.

EZEKIEL CALHOUN [William², William¹] married Lucy Wellborn.

Issue:

- 52 I. Carolina Calhoun, *m.* John S. Williams.
- 53 II. Georgia Calhoun.
- 54 III. Virginia Calhoun, *m.* Oliver Coussins.
- 55 IV. Indiana Calhoun.
- 56 V. Edward Calhoun.
- 57 VI. Pickens Calhoun.
- 58 VII. Missouri Calhoun, *m.* Dr. Martin.
- 59 VIII. Florida Calhoun, *m.* Dr. Martin, her sister's widower.

26.

JAMES MONTGOMERY CALHOUN [William², William¹] married Emma Elizabeth Dabney.

Issue:

- 60 I. William Lowndes Calhoun.

- 61 II. Emma Calhoun.
- 62 III. Anna Calhoun, *m.* Dr. Miles DuBose.
- 63 IV. Chattanooga Calhoun.
- 64 V. Rebecca Calhoun, *m.* J. H. Matthews.
- 65 VI. James V. Calhoun.
- 66 VII. Patrick H. Calhoun.
- 67 VIII. Hannah Calhoun.
- 68 IX. John Dabney Calhoun.

27.

JOSEPH CALHOUN [William², William¹] married Sarah Ann Cross. They lived in Mobile, Ala.

Issue:

- 69 I. William Joseph Calhoun.
- 70 II. Amanda Abbeville Calhoun.
- 71 III. Ella Ann Calhoun, *m.* William Hunter Harlan.
- 72 IV. James Butler Calhoun, *m.* Fanny Barham.
- 73 V. Isabella Cross Calhoun.
- 74 VI. John Carroll Calhoun.
- 75 VII. Frank Howard Calhoun.
- 76 VIII. Aline S. Calhoun, *m.* — McDougald.
- 77 IX. Lida Rebecca Calhoun.

35.

EPHRAIM CALHOUN [Ezekiel², William¹], a physician and one of the earliest settlers of Greenwood, married Charlotte Moseley, of Abbeville District.

Issue.

- 78 I. Motte Calhoun.
- 79 II. Eliza Calhoun, who } Twins.
m. Dr. John H. Logan,
the author of *The His-*
tory of the Upper Coun-
try of South Carolina.
- 80 III. Augusta Calhoun, *m.* Peter Goodwin.
- 81 IV. Franklin Ramsey Calhoun.
- 82 V. Charles M. Calhoun.
- 83 VI. Fanny Emma Calhoun, *m.* Daniel DuPré.

37.

ANDREW CALHOUN [Ezekiel², William¹] was born in the Calhoun settlement, married Susan Wellborn, of Georgia; was a distinguished physician of Newnan, Georgia.

Issue:

- 84 I. Martha Frances Calhoun, *m.* Dr. Devine.
- 85 II. Ann Elizabeth, *m.* William Caldwell.
- 86 III. Abner Wellborn Calhoun.
- 87 IV. Andrew Ezekiel Calhoun, *m.* Carro Height

47.

JOHN JOSEPH CALHOUN [Joseph², Joseph², William¹] married Mary E. Sayre.

Issue:

- 88 I. Mary Elizabeth Calhoun, *d.* young.
- 89 II. Harriet Louise Calhoun, *m.* H. N. van Devander.
- 90. III. Lila Frances Calhoun, *m.* R. Morgan.
- 91 IV. William Sayre Calhoun, *m.* V. B. Loomis.
- 92 V. Joseph Selden Calhoun.
- 93 VI. Marie Estelle Calhoun.
- 94 VII. John J. Calhoun.

60.

WILLIAM LOWNDES CALHOUN [James Montgomery², William², William¹], married Mary Oliver.

Issue:

- 95 I. Emma Caroline Calhoun, *m.* Silas Connelly.
- 96 II. James M. Calhoun, *m.* — Templeton.
- 97 III. Mary Calhoun.
- 98 IV. William Dabney Calhoun.
- 99 V. William Lowndes Calhoun.
- 100 VI. Nettie Aline Calhoun.

66.

PATRICK H. CALHOUN [James Montgomery², William², William¹], married Frances S. Fuller who died and he then married Ida Cole.

Issue: First wife.

- 101 I. Charles Augustus Calhoun, *m.* Louise Barnett.
Second wife.
102 II. Rosa Calhoun.

69.

WILLIAM JOSEPH CALHOUN [Joseph³, William², William¹],
married Margaret Alexander.

Issue:

- 103 I. John Carroll Calhoun.
104 II. William Joseph Calhoun.
105 III. Edward James Calhoun.
106 IV. Gaines Calhoun.
107 V. Margaret A. Calhoun.

78.

MOTTE CALHOUN [Ephraim³, Ezekiel², William¹], married
Sallie Goodwin.

Issue:

- 108 I. William Goodwin Calhoun.
109 II. Roland R. Calhoun.
110 III. Augusta Calhoun.

81.

FRANKLIN RAMSEY CALHOUN [Ephraim³, Ezekiel², Wil-
liam¹], married Annie E. Turpin.

Issue:

- 111 I. Augusta Calhoun.
112 II. Alfred Turpin Calhoun. A physician.
113 III. Annie W. (Mitte) Calhoun, *m.* Wm. David Link,
of Erie, Pa.
114 IV. Daniel Calhoun.
115 V. Charlotte M. Calhoun, *m.* W. T. Bates.

82.

CHARLES M. CALHOUN [Ephraim³, Ezekiel², William¹],
married Emily Nelson.

Issue:

- 116 I. Robert Adger Calhoun, *m.* Mamie Zeigler.
- 117 II. Ida Chicora Calhoun.
- 118 III. Daniel DuPré Calhoun.
- 119 IV. Eliza Elliott Calhoun.
- 120 V. John Franklin Calhoun.
- 121 VI. Charles Ramsey Calhoun.
- 122 VII. Motte McG. Calhoun.
- 123 VIII. Waring Parker Calhoun.
- 124 IX. Nina Nelson Calhoun.

86.

ABNER WELLBORN CALHOUN [Andrew^s, Ezekiel^s, William¹], a distinguished oculist of Atlanta, Ga.; married Lulie Phinizy.

Issue:

- 125 I. Ferdinand Phinizy Calhoun.
- 126 II. Lulie P. Calhoun.

[To be continued in the next number of this magazine.]